

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XXII.

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NUMBER 73.

BALKAN SNARL GRAVE

King Edward Discusses It In His Speech to Parliament.

SULTAN URGED TO INITIATE REFORMS.

Irish Question and the South African Situation Appear Satisfactory to the British Monarch—Foreign Happenings.

London, Feb. 17.—King Edward, accompanied by Queen Alexandra and surrounded by the court and all the officers of state, opened parliament. Early in the day the vaults of the houses of parliament were searched, as usual, for imaginary conspirators, by the yeomen of the guard, carrying ancient lanterns and useless halberds. The procession was identical with that of previous similar occasions. King Edward read his speech to parliament from the steps of the throne in the house of lords. It was as follows:

"My Lords and Gentlemen: My relations with all the foreign powers continue friendly. The blockade of the Venezuelan ports has led to negotiations for the adjustment of all the matters in dispute. I rejoice that a settlement has now been arrived at which has justified the blockading powers in bringing all hostile naval questions to an immediate close. Negotiations have taken place for an adjustment of the questions which have arisen in regard to the boundary of my possessions in North America and that of the territory of Alaska. A treaty providing for the reference of these questions to an arbitral tribunal has been signed and ratified."

The speech next referred to the Balkan question, saying: "The condition of the European provinces of Turkey gives cause for serious anxiety. I have used my best efforts to impress on the sultan and his ministers the urgent need of practical, well-considered methods of reform." After noting that Austria and Russia have been considering the reforms which the signatories of the Berlin treaty should recommend to the sultan, the speech adds: "I trust that the proposals will prove sufficient for the purpose, and that I shall find it possible to give them my hearty support."

The king then turned to South Africa, on which subject he said: "The progress of events in South Africa has been satisfactory. The visit of the colonial secretary has already been productive of the happiest results, and the opportunity it has provided for personal conferences with Lord Milner and the ministers of the self-governing colonies and the representatives of all interests and opinions has greatly conduced to a smooth adjustment of many difficult questions and to the removal of many occasions of misunderstanding."

The speech concluded with an intimation that the budget estimates of the expenditures would inevitably be large and with promising the introduction of bills dealing with the Irish land question, London education, sugar bounties and the London docks. In regard to the Irish measure the king said: "It will, I trust, complete the series of measures which have already done much to substitute single ownership for the costly and unsatisfactory conditions still attaching to the tenure of agricultural land over a large part of Ireland."

Formal Note to The Porte.

Paris, Feb. 17.—It is said in official quarters here that the Austrian ambassador at Constantinople will present a note to The Porte asking for reforms in Macedonia. This is regarded as inaugurating the project for joint action on the part of the European powers toward Turkey. The presentation of the Russian note, which is identical, will follow that of Austria, but the foreign office here has not yet been advised of the exact date of its presentation. The terms of the notes were submitted to France, Great Britain, Italy, and Germany, and were approved in principle by all except Germany.

Descendant of Lafayette.

Paris, Feb. 17.—The foreign office announced the appointment of the Vicomte de Chambon to be an attaché of the French embassy at Washington. He is a great-grandson of Lafayette, was the representative of the Lafayette family at the Rochambeau ceremonies, and is brother of Marquis de Chambon, a member of the chamber of deputies, who is the ranking representative of the family. The Vicomte will sail for New York March 7.

Palma, Island of Majorca, Feb. 17.—The Italian bark Iris, from Penacolada Nov. 18 for Marseilles, has put into the bay of Palma with several of those on board suffering from what is believed to be the bubonic plague. Two of the crew died during the voyage.

"GREEN-GOODS" MACHINE.

Mechanism and Its Workings Explained Before a Brooklyn Jury. New York, Feb. 17.—In a trial which is now progressing in the county court in Brooklyn, District Attorney Clark has had occasion to show the working of a machine used to catch persons susceptible to the influence of the green goods idea and by which it was said at least \$50,000 had been obtained. It was in the trial of Samuel Faust and Harry Faust on a charge of offering for sale counterfeit money. The district attorney told the jury that the defendants offered for \$35 to give \$100 in money so closely resembling the genuine that it was guaranteed to pass the inspection of bank cashiers. The victim was then invited to see the counterfeiting plant in operation.

Then Mr. Clark showed the jury the mechanism and explained its workings. It consists of a copper box about two feet square, with a false bottom and cover. It is alleged that the Fausts would take two genuine bills, wet them with a "secret" preparation, place a piece of tissue paper between them, and then put them in an envelope. The latter would then be placed in the box and the cover closed. Half a dozen batteries attached to the box would then be set in operation, the strange noises impressing the victim and making him believe that some strange process was going on. In the excitement the false bottom would be allowed to drop over the first envelope, leaving exposed another envelope in which three genuine bills would be found. The center bill would be supposed to be the counterfeit that had just been made. The prospective victim would be allowed to take it to a bank, and, finding that it passed muster, usually returned to get large quantities of green goods, which were palpably frauds.

PROTOCOL SIGNED

For Adjustment of Uncle Sam's Claims Against Venezuela.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Secretary Hay, for the United States, and Mr. Bowen, for Venezuela, signed a protocol providing for the adjustment of United States' claims against Venezuela by a commission to meet at Caracas.

This commission will consist of two members, a Venezuelan and an American, to be appointed respectively by Presidents Castro and Roosevelt, and in the event of disagreement, an umpire is to be appointed by the Queen of the Netherlands. It is expected that the minister for foreign affairs will be appointed as Venezuela's representative and that either Mr. Bowen or Mr. Russell, the United States charge, will be named to represent the United States.

Ohio Miners' Executive Board.

Columbus, O., Feb. 11.—The forthcoming report of Secretary-Treasurer Savage of the Ohio Mine Workers will show a surplus on March 1 of about \$55,000. The executive board, which meets here Friday, will be informed of the financial condition of the organization and set a date for the beginning of the one-per-cent. assessment. In the past and at present the assessment has been but one half of 1 per cent. At the last convention it was decided to increase it to 1 per cent. The date, however, was not set for the enforcement of the amendment. The new scale becomes effective on April 1, and it is very probable that the new assessment will be ordered collected from that time.

Canadian Pacific's Move.

New York, Feb. 17.—Sir William VanHorne, chairman of the board of the Canadian Pacific railway, who arrived here from Havana, was asked whether it was correct that the Canadian Pacific was negotiating for the North Atlantic fleet of the Elderline. He replied: "I have been away from home some time, and I do not know whether or not the negotiations have been concluded. I do not know just how far the matter has gone; but we have been negotiating with the line for the purchase of from a dozen to a dozen and a half of their ships for some time."

Will Resort to Arbitration.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Employees of the Chicago city railway are still voting on the strike proposition, but danger of a cessation of work is now said to be remote, owing to the action of Manager Robert McCulloch in offering to submit all questions at issue to Chairman Selfridge of the board, and a meeting was called for Wednesday to decide whether it will take up the question.

Humbert Woman III.

Paris, Feb. 17.—Mme. Therese Humbert, the central figure in the Crawford millions litigations, has complained of suffering from an affection of the heart caused by confinement in her cell, and the presiding judge of the court before which the case is to be tried has ordered a medical examination of the prisoner and postponed the proceedings.

ANTI-TRUST MEASURE

Littlefield's Remedy Sent to the Senate, as Amended.

WAS NOT UNANIMOUSLY REPORTED.

Small Blaze Creates Considerable Excitement in the House—Bills Passed and Propositions Introduced in Both Branches.

Washington, Feb. 17.—A house bill was passed granting pension of \$30 per month to the widow of the late Representative John W. Rumble, of Iowa, who was a captain of volunteers in the civil war. The usual resolution providing for the reading in the senate on Monday, Feb. 23, of Washington's farewell address was adopted, and the president pro tempore designated Mr. Dubois of Idaho as the reader.

Bills were passed as follows: To extend the limit of cost to \$70,000 of the United States postoffice building at Marblehead, Mass.; to authorize the absentee Wyandotte Indians to select certain lands and for other purposes; for the purchase of a site and the erection of a building thereon at Oregon City, Ore., and appropriating \$100,000 therefor.

The Quay resolution asking for a vote on the statehood bill went over. The Carmack resolution directing the committee on Philippines to visit the islands to investigate conditions, was, on Mr. Lodge's motion, referred to the committee on Philippines on a year and a half vote, 37 to 24.

Mr. Hoar, from the committee on judiciary, reported the Littlefield anti-trust bill as amended. Mr. Platt (Conn.), of the committee, stated that it was not an unanimous report and that he was opposed to the measure. He said a large proportion of the bill has been more wisely and appropriately treated in legislation recently enacted. Concerning the new features, there were, he said, unconstitutional provisions in them. Even if they were within the constitutional authority of congress they are mischievous and will work great injury to the business interests in the United States.

A resolution by Mr. Dubois requiring the Civil Service commission to furnish the senate information regarding the dismissal of Elmer Forshay from the office of the surveyor general of Idaho provoked considerable discussion, but it went over. The statehood bill was then taken up, and Mr. Depew resumed his remarks in opposition to it.

Blaze in the House.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Some little excitement was created in the house of representatives just before that body convened by the discovery of a slight blaze in the flooring of the east reserved gallery. The flooring had become ignited from a defective flue in the Democratic cloakroom, and when discovered about 15 feet of the molding was ablaze. The blaze was extinguished and the members suffered no inconvenience when the house met.

Mr. Dalzell, from the committee on rules, presented a special rule making in order the legislation reported in the available bill for the increase of the personnel of the navy and for the increase of the limit of cost for the naval academy. He explained how vital the proposed legislation was and read the recommendations of the secretary of the navy on the subject. Mr. Richardson (Tenn.) and Mr. Underwood (Ala.) both denounced the principle involved in the rule as vicious. The resolution was adopted without division, and the house went into committee of the whole and entered upon the consideration of the naval appropriation bill.

Status of Canal Treaty.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Assurance is given that the meeting of the cabinet developed nothing of serious importance. All the members except Secretary Shaw were present, and the two hours consumed by the session were spent in an informal discussion, largely of departmental affairs. The status of the Panama canal treaty in the senate was again discussed. Some apprehension is expressed that the treaty may not be ratified at the present session, owing to the opposition of Senator Morgan. The option the United States holds on the Panama Canal Company's property will expire on March 4. It is impossible, even if the treaty should be ratified by the senate at this session, to effect an exchange of ratifications until after the expiration of the option.

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A sensational scene transpired in the Circuit Court Tuesday forenoon. Mr. Allan D. Cole, attorney for plaintiff in the suit of McCabe's administrators against the C. and O., filed an affidavit for the plaintiff, casting gross reflections upon the court. Judge Harbeson read the affidavit out so the bar and others present could hear what it contained. He forthwith adjudged Mr. Cole guilty of contempt and fined him \$30. The affidavit set forth among other things that, by reason of intense prejudice towards plaintiff's attorney, the court could not give her a fair and impartial trial. The grossest reflections, however, were that, in suits against the railway corporations for damages for personal injuries, the court, "without regard to the merits," had with few exceptions instructed the juries to find for defendants, and that in other cases, the court, "without regard to the merits," had ordered the actions to be transferred to the U. S. court. The affidavit stated also:

"That the defendants, by indirect as well as direct means use their influence to destroy politically the prospect of any office holder or candidate for office whom they suppose not to be subservient to their interests. That this judicial district is close on a strict party vote and defendants own and operate their railroad through four counties herein. * * * That Judge James P. Harbeson is now a candidate for his third term."

Mr. Cole paid the \$30 fine Tuesday.

KANSAS CITY PLATFORM.

Bryan Says the Next Convention Will Reaffirm Its Principles.

New York, Feb. 17.—William J. Bryan left here for Baltimore. In an interview he is quoted as answering the question: "What attitude will you take in the event of a candidate of the old school of Democracy being named for president?" by saying: "I will not assume that there can be such a revolution in the party as would place the men who have been against it in control next year. The next platform, in my opinion, will, in every essential particular, reaffirm the principles of the Kansas City platform. I firmly believe it will be along those lines, of course covering the new additional question that have or may arise. I do not believe the platform of 1900 will be repudiated." Mr. Bryan declined to discuss the mooted candidacy of Judge Parker.

Addicks to the Bolters.

Wilmington, Del., Feb. 17.—J. Edward Addicks, the Union Republican candidate for United States senator, has issued a statement to the "bolters," the regular Republicans, in which he says: "On the Republican side there are but two things the bolters can do: First, the 10 men now voting against J. Edward Addicks can come into a common caucus of 31 Republicans. In this case Addicks will withdraw and his 21 friends will nominate two 'Union' Republican senators, as near to Addicks as possible, and the whole 31 will elect them. Second, each side can elect one senator without dictation from the other side. In this case Addicks will be the choice of the 'Union' Republicans. No dictation will be permitted by the 'Union' Republicans." Mr. Addicks concludes: "No man who refused to vote for J. Edward Addicks in the legislature will ever be allowed to hold any office in Delaware, nor will any bolter sympathizers be permitted to come to the front."

Alaskan Boundary Commission.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster has been selected to take charge of the case of the United States in the presentation of the Alaskan boundary question to the special commission to be appointed, in conformity with the terms of the recently confirmed Alaskan boundary treaty. General Foster will be assisted in this work by Mr. Lansing, his son-in-law, who also was connected with the investigation of the Alaskan seal issue. Secretary Root has concluded to accept his appointment as one of the commissioners to represent the United States on the boundary commission. The two other members are Senators Lodge and Turner.

Text of Philippine Currency Bill.

Washington, Feb. 17.—The Philippine currency bill passed by the senate prescribes that the unit of value in the Philippines shall be the gold peso of 12.9 grains of gold, nine-tenths fine, said gold peso to become the unit of value when the government in the Philippines shall have coined and ready for circulation not less than 5,000,000 of the silver pesos, provided for in the bill. The gold coins of the United States, at the rate of \$1 for 2 pesos, shall be legal tender in the islands. The bill also provides for an additional coinage of 75,000,000 silver coins of the denomination which shall be legal tender as provided for in the bill.

Chicago trades unions gave a demonstration in honor of President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers.

WORST OF THE WINTER

Intense Cold Prevails Throughout the Northern Middle States.

MODERATING, HOWEVER, IN FAR WEST.

Telegraph, Telephone, Trolley and Railway Service Crippled Everywhere—Lack of Fuel Augments Suffering.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Intense cold, the most severe of the winter, prevails throughout the middle west, the temperature ranging from one degree below zero at Louisville to 24 below at West Superior, Wis. Official records at other centers were: Chicago, 10 below; Peoria, 14; St. Louis, 6; Indianapolis, 8; Milwaukee, 10; Columbus, 2; Kansas City, 9; Des Moines, 9; St. Paul, 20; Omaha, 10, and Topeka, 12. Further west and northwest the weather was moderating. The relief committees everywhere were taxed to the limit in relieving the suffering of the poor. There were no indications of a coal famine, dealers generally having surplus stock on hand. Trolley lines are badly crippled, and both suburban and through trains on the railroads were delayed, many suburban trains being abandoned. Telegraph and telephone service was seriously crippled, the contraction of the wires causing them to break, and for a time Chicago was practically cut off from communication with the outside world.

While moderating slightly through the day, no immediate breaking up of the cold spell is promised, and in the neighborhood of four or five degrees below zero is looked for.

Lack of Fuel.

St. Louis, Feb. 17.—All trains except accommodations were from two to six hours late, and the Vandalia and Chicago & Alton reported many poles down along their tracks as a result of the storm. The telegraph companies have had a hard time keeping communication open. Because of the lack of fuel at the city hospital, the lives of 700 patients, some of whom are at the point of death, are endangered by the cold. An insufficient supply of coal at the courthouse resulted in the closing of the courts' offices here. There seems to be plenty of coal in the city, but, owing to the condition of the streets, it is extremely hard to deliver.

Flood Missed Danger Line.

Plattsburgh, Feb. 17.—Plattsburgh is in the grip of a cold wave, heavy snow and flood. Luckily, the high water just missed the danger point, and beyond flooding the lowlands and causing inconvenience to owners of plants along the river fronts, no damage was done. A fierce snow and wind storm developed, and there is half a foot of snow on the level and zero weather prevails. Street car service has been seriously impeded, and all trains east and west are from two to four hours late.

Very Cold in Michigan.

Detroit, Feb. 17.—Severe cold was general all over both peninsulas of Michigan, ranging from zero at Grand Haven, on the lake shore, to 20 below at Sault Ste. Marie. Alpena reported eight below, Marquette 14 below, and Houghton 10 below. Despite the extreme cold, no cases of freezing or unusual suffering have been reported to the police or poor commission. Trains are somewhat delayed.

Worst of the Winter.

Boston, Feb. 17.—The worst snow-storm of the winter thus far prevailed here. Railroad and street car service was badly hampered and shipping was effectively tied up. Several vessels which left port are supposed to have experienced a hard time. There is a large number of transatlantic vessels due at this port.

Severe in the South.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 17.—The severest weather of the winter prevails over the south, following the storm, which killed two people and injured several. In Atlanta all records for high winds were broken, when the gale blew at the rate of 60 miles an hour. This velocity was equaled at several other places.

Nine Below.

Kansas City, Feb. 17.—The intense cold weather in the southwest continues. At Kansas City the temperature recorded 9 below zero, the coldest of the winter here. Further west the temperature was still lower, with no indications of moderation. Train schedules are still badly demoralized.

Warmer in the Far West.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 17.—Warmer weather prevails, with few exceptions, throughout the state, and in most sections a strong wind is clearing the snow from the ranges. The experienced stockmen say that where these conditions obtain it will prove the salvation of herds of stock.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1903.

THE WEATHER RECORD.

(For the 24 hours ending at 6:30 a. m.)

State of weather.....	Cloudy
Highest temperature.....	16
Lowest temperature.....	4
Mean temperature.....	6
Wind direction.....	Northerly
Precipitation (inches) rain, or snow melted08
Previously reported for February.....	6.01
Total for February to date.....	6.04

WIRIN less than ten days after the bill putting coal on the free list had passed, anthracite, that had been retailing at \$15 and \$18 a ton, went to \$7.50. "Oh, no, the tariff is not mother of trustee," remarks the Georgetown (O) News-Democrat. "It is the whole family—old man, old woman and the family dog."

LET the good work continue. Pittsburg and Chicago capitalists will purchase 36,000 acres of coal land in Harlan, Jackson and Bell counties, Kentucky, and another large tract over the Virginian line. A railroad will be run into the territory, and several millions of dollars spent in developing the mineral and timber resources.

IN giving the committee appointed by Mayor Stallcup to take up the question of street improvements, the BULLETIN unintentionally omitted the name of President John Duley, of the Board of Trade. In the consideration of this important question Mr. Duley will represent the board, which is composed of the leading business men of Maysville. The Mayor aimed to have all interests represented, and has succeeded admirably.

NEW YORK, February 15.—All coal is now \$5 at tidewater. The railroads get, as they got all along, 35 per cent. of the tidewater price as freight. This announcement is wrung from the combine managers by the warm weather, which put an end to all hope of further plunder for this season.

OF course taking the tariff off of coal had nothing to do with the drop in price. That's what the Republicans will tell you, but you don't have to believe 'em.

THE Southern Farm Magazine of Baltimore has compiled from official reports of the government the statistics of grain crops of the South in 1902. The total values are as follows:

Bushels.	Value.
Corn.....	502,487,609
Wheat.....	48,872,127
Rye.....	1,352,892
Oats.....	50,178,672
	\$276,553,894
	38,069,619
	975,514
	26,252,265

IN addition to grain, the South raised 21,897,555 bushels of Irish potatoes, valued at \$14,116,169, 3,905,423 tons of hay, valued at \$46,734,706, and 630,258,898 pounds of tobacco, valued at \$63,843,025. The total for these three items added to the total for grain makes \$466,545,192, or approximately, about one-half of the total value of the agricultural products of the South. In this report no mention is made of the cotton crop, of sweet potatoes—the yield of which in the South is much larger than the yield of Irish potatoes—of sugar, rice and fruit crops. These figures show that the grain crop of the South—corn, wheat, oats and rye—is about the same in value as an average cotton crop, but the growth of diversified farming in the South promises within a few years to make the value of these crops much larger than that of cotton.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Foster have gone for a month's sojourn in New Orleans.

—Mrs. Howell Jones, of Ashland, is visiting Mr. Wm. Poage, near Mayslick.

—Mr. Lee Clifford, of Newport, spent Sunday here with his wife and son, James.

—Miss Sue Caldwell entertained the Washington Literary Club Tuesday afternoon.

—The Misses Roser, of Lewisburg, entertain a sieghing party from Washington to-night.

—Miss Anna Thomas, of Cincinnati, has returned home after a visit to her sister, Mrs. Joseph F. Martin.

—Mr. C. B. Holstein is touring West Virginia this week in the interest of the E. A. Robinson & Co.'s cigar factory.

—Miss Ida Knight, of Washington, entertained last evening in honor of Miss Lucy Gaines, of Chattanooga, and Miss Sue Caldwell, of Sharpsburg.

—Rev. R. E. Moss left Tuesday afternoon for LaGrange where he is to be the groom's best man at the marriage of one of his friends. He will return Friday.

—Misses Florence and Etta Porter entertained a card party at the home of their parents Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Porter on West Third street, last evening. Euchre was indulged in, the winners receiving prizes, and a lunch served, the party winding their way home after spending a pleasant evening with their charming hostesses.

—The Democratic primary in Bourbon County last Saturday resulted in the nomination of Hon. A. S. Thompson for Representative and Charles E. Butler for Circuit Clerk.

A WHITE SALE

Usually when merchants want to emphasize a special sale of any kind they offer to give more for the money than you can possibly get elsewhere. Now we propose to do just exactly the reverse. The lawns, dimities, organdies, laces and embroideries we will have on sale this week are so fine and sheer, in buying them you will get less weight and thickness than you could easily procure elsewhere for the same amount of money. All the desirable white fabrics are here—the best of each kind and the prettiest we could find. This spring and summer will be pre-eminently a white season. White shirtwaists and gowns will be more popular than ever. A sensible popularity it is. White fabrics never sun nor wash.

Fashions for cotton goods are now assured and this is a good time for sewing—before the laud of spring and the rush of house cleaning. These are some of the favorite fabrics:

French Lawn, 48 inches wide, 50c. and 75c. yard.
French Organdie, 68 inches wide, 25c. to \$1 yard.
Swiss Muslin, 32 inches wide, 15c. to 50c. yard.
Dotted Swiss Muslin, 30 inches wide, 25c. to 50c. yard.

French Nainsook, 45 inches wide, 15c., 19c. and 25c. yard.
India Linen, 32 inches wide, 40c. to 25c. yard.
White Pique, 30 inches wide, 15c. to 50c. yard.
Fancy and Lace Striped Lawn, 30 inches wide, 8c. to 50c. yard.
Mercerized Madras, 30 inches wide, 25c., 35c. and 50c. yard.
Mercerized Yarn Cloth, 30 inches wide, 25c. and 50c. yard.
Irish Linen, 36 inches wide, 35c. yard.
Fancy and Plain Dimities, 30 inches wide, 15c. to 50c. yard.
Persian Lawn, 30 inches wide, 25c. yard.
French Mull, 30 inches wide, 25c. yard.

EMBROIDERIES, from the modest edging to elaborate skirt widths, ranging in price from 5c. to \$1.

Laces in Val, German Torchon, Point Anglaise, Point de Paris and Cheny. Match edgings and insertions various widths. Prices from 1c. to 50c. a yard.

The store is given up to the White Goods. Come now while stocks are full and choosing easy.

D. HUNT & SON

ANOTHER BIG SHIPMENT

OF THOSE FINE OPEN KETTLE

New Crop Molasses

Nothing finer can be produced. Special prices and very low ones at that—on five and ten gallon and barrel lots. You make no mistake when you buy them.

12,000 Cans of Finest Tomatoes That Can Be Packed.

6,000 Cans of Sugar Corn, Very Best Brands.

Can meet anybody's prices on these goods. Other Canned Goods in immense quantities.

COFFEES, Green and Roasted,

OF ALL GRADES

Finest Teas, new crop just out of bond. No 10-cent war tax on them now, so can give much finer goods for same money than heretofore. I can please you.

My fine Blended Coffees are becoming more popular every day. I buy them in large quantities green and have them roasted every week. Always fresh. 15c., 20c. and 25c. Per Pound. You pay much more other places.

Perfection Flour

Is the most popular flour on the market to-day because it is the best. If you want good goods—and you can't afford to buy anything else—I want your trade; and I think I ought to have it. I will deal fairly with you at all times, and if anything goes to any of my customers that is not right I am always ready to make it right.

I want country people when in our city to make my house headquarters. I am always glad to have you. My holiday business was immense, for which I want to return my thanks to the good people that favored me with their trade. I want to retain your trade, and shall work hard to that end.

R. B. LOVEL

The Leading Grocer

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

TELEPHONE..... 83 TELEPHONE

TWENTY MILLIONS

To be Disbursed in Dividends by Standard Oil Company.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—John D. Rockefeller went down to his office to-day and a few hours later emerged \$8,000,000 richer than when he entered. Standard Oil had declared its quarterly dividend of \$20 per share. This was an increase of \$10 over the dividend declared last November.

Mr. Rockefeller was feeling better when he reached his office than he has for some time, he told his associate oil kings whom he met in the Standard Oil Building. While the dividend declared a year ago was the same as that of to-day, it was predicted this would be a record-breaking year. To-day's dividend, which disbursed \$20,000,000, is payable March 16th to all stockholders of record on Feb. 20th.

Having reduced the cost of refining oil to one-half the former cost since the payment of the last quarterly dividend for 1902 in December, it was predicted in Wall street that this will be the greatest money-making year that the greatest of all monopolies has ever known.

The Pennsylvania railroad has taken off its "Twentieth Century Special" making the time between New York and Chicago in twenty hours. It is claimed that this train is largely responsible for the freight congestion on the road. It is entitled to the right of way and all freight trains are forced to go to the sidings and wait it, no matter the length of time. It will be restored later—after the congestion has been relieved.

If you want to purchase the purest and best goods on earth go to G. W. Rogers & Co., 127 Market street, where you will find old Bourbon and rye whisky, apple, and peach brandy, California brandy, malt gin, California port, sherry and Madeira, K. I. sweet Catawba and dry Catawba wines &c. &c. We guarantee all of our goods to be strictly pure.

A Time-Tried Drug Store.

Only years can bring fulness of knowledge. Wisdom is always a product of experience—and experience is an important thing in the drug business.

Theory may imagine it knows, But experience knows It knows.

This store is thirty years old. It has served the community long and well. It is a full-grown drug store and its growth has been along progressive lines. Its trade is founded on confidence—a confidence that has grown with years because there has been this basis for it.

The best Drugs,
Accurate service,
Reasonable prices.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH,

DRUGGIST,

Cor. Second and Sutton Streets, Maysville, Ky.

WELLS & COUGHIN,

Undertakers and Embalmers!

110 Market Street.

10, 11, 12 West Front Street.

A complete line of goods kept in stock.

Last Call

What is left of our \$1 and \$1.25 Stiff and Soft Bosom Colored Shirts beginning to-day and ending Friday evening will go at 50 cents. We still have a few in all sizes. When you consider that you have to pay this price for an ordinary cotton shirt, and here you get the Monarch, the Silver and Wilson Bros' Shirts, you cannot help but realize what bargains you get in this Shirt Sale.

For next Saturday, Tobacco Fair Day, we have a surprise in store for you. Read Thursday's papers.

D. HECHINGER & CO.,

THE HOME STORE.

Every Farmer

Who sells tobacco won't buy gold bricks. That's what some people think, though, when they offer old goods at 50 cents on the dollar. Now a farmer is a man whose brains are large enough to be called a scientific agriculturist and wise enough to buy new Clothing and pay what they are worth, when they are sold with a guarantee.

GEORGE H. FRANK & CO.

RAILWAY TIME-CARD.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION.

Leaves.

6:45 a. m. 1:15 p. m.

Arrives.

9:45 a. m. 8:15 p. m.

All days except 17 and 18.

ROUTE.

6:45 a. m. 1:15 p. m.

6:45 a. m.

THE BEE HIVE

The Real Thing Now!

Let's welcome the cold wave and the snow. The cold weather purifies the air and makes healthful conditions, it freezes small streams and stops the river from rising. And the snow, the beautiful snow fertilizes the ground and makes good sleighing. Sleighing is good for you as well as the livery stables. During the day be out in the air, it's very invigorating. Good cold, fresh air never made anyone sick. It's the cold nights that destroy your health. Keep warm at nights for that is the thermometer of health. A full line of warmers always on hand. Blankets from 59c. to \$4.98 for our grand old Duchess. Comforts from 79c. to \$3.75.

MERZ BROS.

NEW COURT HOUSE.

Important Recommendation Made by the Grand Jury.

The grand jury has completed its work and been discharged. Eleven true bills were returned.

In its final report the jury makes an important recommendation that will be heartily approved by all public-spirited citizens. In closing the jury says: "We furthermore recommend the building of a new court house."

The Fiscal Court should take up this recommendation at its next sitting.

The jury found the jail and public offices "capably managed and orderly kept," and recommended that the rear room of the Circuit Clerk be renovated and newly carpeted.

The statement republished in the Ledger Tuesday from an up-river paper telling of the arrest of a couple of women at Huntington and their being brought here by Chief of Police Donovan to answer a charge of robbing an old soldier, was news to Mr. Donovan. The BULLETIN scribe noticed the article in question in a Huntington paper a few days ago, but knew Chief Donovan was here in Maysville at the time he was published as being in Huntington, so no attention was paid to the matter. As far as can be learned the parties captured at Huntington are not wanted here on any charge.

The case of the Commonwealth against Rafe Spalding, colored, has been continued till next term of the Circuit Court on motion of defense. Spalding shot and killed a negro named Mason on Second street, Fifth ward, a few months ago.

Twice a Year

We sell SHOES at manufacturers' cost and less. We do this to clear our shelves of the season's accumulations and pave the way for new goods.

Just Now We Are Sacrificing Our Winter Stock,

and offer choice of Men's \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50 and \$5 lines at the extremely low price of

\$3.00

Women's Fine \$3 and \$3.50 Shoes, \$2.50

BARKLEY'S

Why Pay More?

Granulated Sugar, 5c. pound.

Arm and Hammer Soda, 3c. package.

Hand-picked Navy Beans, 30c. per gallon. Why pay others 40c.?

Fine select Michigan Potatoes, 65c. per bushel.

Extra fine Pearl Starch, a 10c. quality at 2½c. per pound.

Don't run grocery accounts. But deal at

The Langdon - Creasy Co.

PHONE 221.

New line of wall paper at Hailine's.

Fresh fish daily at Cahill's, Market street.

Prayer meeting at the Christian Church to-night at 7 o'clock.

Just received a barge of Peacock coal. Jos. H. Dodson.

Aberdeeners can sympathize with the Doverites. No coal to be had at either point.

After a shut-down of several weeks on account of smallpox, the Aberdeen schools have resumed.

Frank Wempe, alias Ed. Wempe, alias George Fisher, wanted at Ripley for obtaining \$50 on a bogus draft, is under arrest at Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Eliza Sample, M. D. Newell and Katharine Marsh, of this city, receive honorable mention in the Courier-Journal's sign puzzle contest last Sunday.

A car partly filled with live poultry stood on the track at the L. and N. depot last night. Some of the chickens probably perished from the severe cold, as the sides of the car had only a wire covering.

The Portsmouth Tribune and Press are to be consolidated and issued as a morning daily. Editor R. H. Stevenson, formerly of Aberdeen, is a member of the new company, which is capitalized at \$9,000.

The oil fever has spread all over the Kentucky mountains. Wells are going down in Powell, Lee, Estill, Morgan, Wolfe and other counties in the new fields of development. Many good wells are reported.

The Continental Tobacco Company's representatives at Cynthiana, Carlisle and Augusta are said to have so far bought 1,000,000 pounds of Robertson County's leaf tobacco crop at from 62 cents to 10½ cents a pound.

Hon. John W. Yerkes, who has been "mentioned" to succeed Judge Cochran in the District Federal Judgeship of the Eastern Kentucky district, tells the newspaper reporters at Washington that he is not a candidate for anything. He says he is satisfied with his present position, and is not working to get any other.

THREE THOUSAND ROLLS

Wall Paper

We have used the butcher's knife on. Former prices from 15 to 50c. roll, now from 4c. to 10c. No lie. A special sample book of this goods can be shown in five minutes.

J. T. KACKLEY & CO.

For February we will make our large one dozen Photographs for \$3. Dark finish. KACKLEY & CO.

THE RACKET

Is the place where you find up-to-date goods and down-to-date prices. Our specialties are everything, and everything a special value:

Stationery and School Supplies.

Hosiery and Underwear.

Granito Ware and Glass Ware.

Tinware.

Dinner Sets and Fancy China.

Notions.

Gloves from 10c. up to \$1.25.

Matches 1c. a box.

While attending Maysville's big Tobacco Fair, don't fail to drop in and see us. Good goods, polite attention, and everything cheap at The Racket.

L. H. YOUNG & CO.,

48 West Second Street.

The marriage of Mr. Michael D. Slatery and Miss Sarah Hickey was solemnized this morning by Rev. Father DeBruyn, of Mayslick. The groom is an industrious and worthy young farmer, while the bride is one of the county's estimable young ladies.

HEATERS!

SPECIAL PRICES.

W. F. POWER'S.

Go to the
New York Store
of
Hays & Co.

for

Nice Clean Goods at

Low Prices.

FLEMINGSBURG QUARTETTE

Will Sing at the Tobacco Fair Saturday—A Reminder About Samples.

This is to be the biggest and best tobacco fair ever held.

The Flemingsburg Quartette will sing at the concert Saturday morning at the opera house and also in the afternoon.

Remember the samples will be received at the court house Friday afternoon and up to 11 o'clock Saturday morning. Should trains be late, parties coming on them, can enter samples upon arrival of train, unless after 1 o'clock.

Remember tobacco, corn, wheat and potatoes will be exhibited.

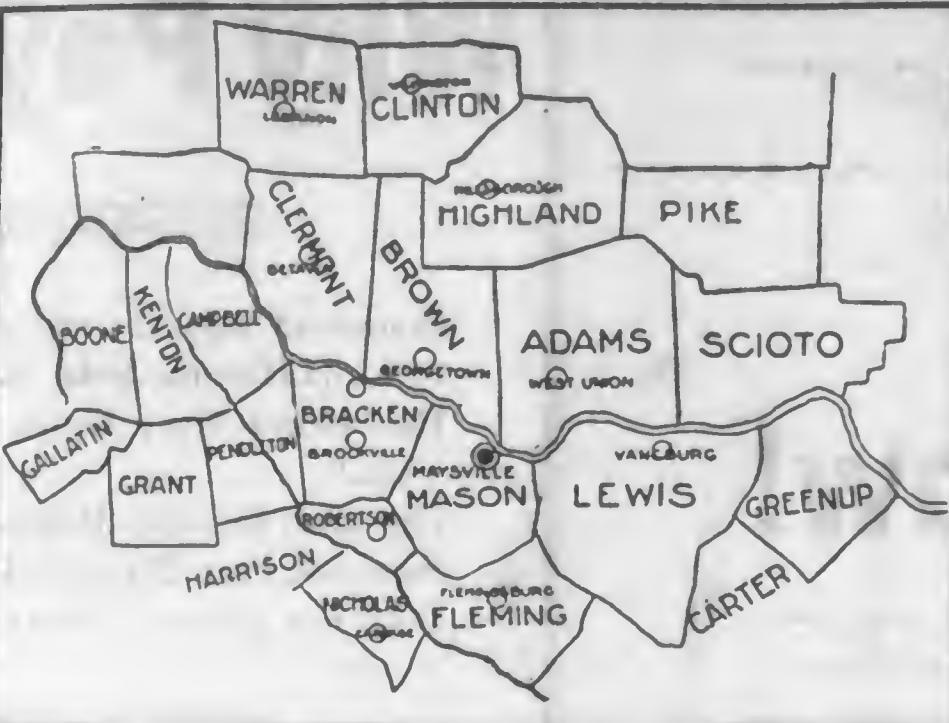
Prof. B. B. Jones, formerly of Fern Leaf, has been elected President of the Morse School of Telegraphy at Shelbyville.

Haymakers' Minstrels.

Fifty cents is all you will have to give to witness the Haymakers' Minstrels Friday night. The proceeds go to buy uniforms for the Red Men's Band. You will witness a smooth and pretty performance and aside from assisting a good cause, you will get your money's worth. Seats go on sale to-morrow at Nelson's, Market street, next to Lovel's.

LEAVE ANY POINT

IN THE GREAT BURLEY DISTRICT



February 20th. Head straight for Maysville, Mason County, "in Kentucky," and you will be on hand for the opening of the big Tobacco Fair next morning. Folks who live near by can leave home Saturday morning and be in time to "foller th' band." Come early, stay late, and don't fail to visit

THE FRANK OWENS HARDWARE CO.'S BIG STORE

while in town. You will be given the "glad hand" and a royal welcome. It will afford us pleasure to show you through an establishment where is to be found a mammoth stock in which agriculturists especially are interested—a line embracing these needfuls:



Celebrated American Woven Wire Steel Field Fence, Ball, Limestone and Oliver Chilled Plows, Hoes, Shovels, Rakes, Spades.

"Winchester."

The company engaged this season to support Miss Margaret May in Edward McWade's sensational war drama "Winchester" at the Washington Opera House to-night is said to be the strongest ever gotten together in a melodramatic production. Prominent among the members of the cast are Edwin Mackayne, Guy Bennett, Edward McWade, J. W. Benson, John Gorman, Joseph Hanaway, Thos. Quinn, Chas. Schaeffer, John Gilmartin, Henry Walthall, Fanny Fish, Alice Iverson, Mildred Manuers and others. A car-load of scenery, calcuines and other paraphernalia are carried, also "Mazzeppa," the wonderful jumping horse which Miss May uses in the sensational ride for life. Seats now on sale at Nelson's, Market street, below Third.

Thieves stole a lot of chickens from Mr. Dan Coughlin Monday night.

The statement was made by a gentleman Tuesday that a year ago yesterday was the coldest day of last winter, but an examination of the weather record for February, 1902, shows that the party was mistaken. February 17th, 1902, the highest temperature was 20° and the lowest 14°. The lowest point reached in February last year was 3° above zero. February, 1902, was a notable one in two respects—for its low temperature and light precipitation. From the 6th to the 21st the temperature never got above freezing. The precipitation was less than one inch, the exact figures being .70, in striking contrast with the present month which already shows precipitation of over five inches. The lowest temperature in February 1901 was 6° above zero, and the precipitation for the month, that year, was an inch and a half.

The case against Henry Lightfoot, colored, indicted for the murder of Charles Duncan, will not be tried until the next term of the Circuit Court.

New currants, citron, raisins—Calhoun's.

Save the Ashes.

[Fronton Register.] Some time ago a young lady called at the Second National Bank with a few carefully preserved ashes, which she asserted was all that remained of a five dollar bill which had been accidentally burned, and solicited the aid of the bank in having the loss redeemed. Cashier F. C. Tomlinson sent the ashes to Washington where they were examined by the Government experts, and Tuesday he received a new five dollar bill in return for the one destroyed. The case is one of unusual interest, although not without precedent, and from it people who have "money to burn" might draw a profitable moral—"save the ashes."

The case against Henry Lightfoot, colored, indicted for the murder of Charles Duncan, will not be tried until the next term of the Circuit Court.

Washington Opera House,

AS GOOD AS "THE HEART OF MARYLAND."

The Big Military Play, a Beautiful Story of Love and War.

WINCHESTER

A ROMANCE OF VIRGINIA IN '63

A powerful cast, a car-load of scenery, thoroughbred horses. Guaranteed to be the best war play ever seen in Maysville.

PRICES, 25, 35, 50 and 75c.

W. H. MEANS, Manager.

W. H. MEANS, Manager.